even-handed justice is not being meted out. At present, I desire in this connection to add only that from information accorded me I am convinced that neither the administration nor Gen. Wood is at all responsible for the delay, which, regardless of what the verdict may be, ought to come to an end in the near future.

Surprise in Havana. "To the average American visitor Havana

affords many surprises, not the least of which are some features of its social life. One of these is the Centro Asturiano, a unique club of twelve thousand members, rich and poor alike, which I had the pleasure of visiting. Each member pays into the treasury \$1.50 a month, which affords an aggregate monthly income of \$18,000.
"The organization is an old one, and has

been the recipient of many considerable be-quests, so that it is quite largely endowed It owns a large three-story building near the Prado, in the center of Havana. On the second floor is a large, handsome hall filled with tables, at which men were playing chess, checkers and other games, but none of a gambling character. At right angles to this hall and a continuation of it was another, in which were billiard and pool tables. Passing by these, we came to the open door of a room and, looking in, we saw a man at a blackboard instructing a class of about twenty young men in high-er mathematics, the subject being logarithms. Billiards and pool on one side of the partition and logarithms on the other struck me as being unique in club life. Passing along, we saw other apartments, each with its class of students, In the third story is another spacious hall, where are held the principal assemblies and social gatherings of the organization. On one of the walls was a list of the physicians, dentists and other professional men-among the very best in Havana-whose services are free to the members of the club. The organization also owns fifty-four acres of land within the city limits, in the center f which are commodious hospital buildings, where members of the club receive gratis medical and surgical attendance. "I was informed that there are other

similar organizations in Havana, one of which has several thousand members. The conservative, careful manner in which business is done is another source of surprise. One day, to my astonishment, a Cuban said: "There has been no business failure in Havana since the war began. The next day a Spanish banker corroborated this statement with an evident feeling of pride in the sound methods of doing business which generally obtain in Havana. The streets of Havana are as clean as those of any city in the United States, not excepting Washington. Good Work of Gen. Wood.

"General Wood and his assistants are do ing a prodigious amount of work, and are doing it exceedingly well. It is impossible to form a true idea of how great and arduous is this labor without visiting the island. The general has taken dirty old Spanish cavalry barracks, infantry bar-racks and cast-off buildings of other kinds

and transformed them into comfortable, thoroughly clean and well-appointed hos-pitals, reformatories, kindergartens and asylums. He has established a laboratory which in most important particulars is as well equipped as any in the United States. I visited a number of these institutions. In one, formerly Spanish cavalry bar racks, and, as I was told, a veritable cess pool of filth, but now clean, sweet-smelling and wholesome, with modern plumbing and sanitary arrangements complete, I saw about ninety fatherless, motherless, home less little girls, from four to eight years of age, collected from all over Cuba-the driftwood of the island. I was told that when brought to the institution many of the poor little things were apparently ig-

"Now, in this cleanly, comfortable home, provided by the forethought of an American officer, they are being taught the things which, by and by, will help them to lead useful and happy lives. I visited another similar institution, which was established by Gen. Wood, a few miles out in the country, where I observed the same happy conditions. The principal prison of the island is located in Havana, and at the time of my visit contained 660 inmates. I doubt if there be in the United States penitentiary more immaculately clean and thoroughly well kept.

norant of even the commonest of civilized

Wood and his aids are also devoting fortresses and other ancient places of in- troops that can be forwarded by them. terest in and about Havana, hereafter to be a Mecca for tourists. All of the local po-litical offices throughout the Island of Cuba are occupied by Cubans, who are thus being taught practical local self-government as a necessary preliminary to their successful conduct of the affairs of the Cuban republic.

Surplus in the Treasury. 'Gen. Wood has been doing all of these

things with the island moneys, and yet, notwithstanding these great expenditures. the treasury now has a surplus of \$1,500,000. I have heard Gen. Wood and his methods severely criticised, both in this country and in Cuba. Some of his critics are undoubtedly sincere in their criticisms, but I cannot help but believe that the faults they find are of no real importance when pared with the great good that he has done. Gen. Wood is in many respects an extraordinary man. His training as a physician and his thorough knowledge of hy-giene have tended to broaden his sympathies, and have enabled him to understand and appreciate things vital to the future health and happiness of the Cuban people which a man of military training only would not so easily comprehend. He is a man of tireless energy, with a big heart, which, fortunately, does not so operate as in any wise to soften his head.

I do not wish to exaggerate, nor to overindulge in superlatives, but, in my opinion, Gen. Wood, in what he has done, and is doing, for Cuba and her people, is the greatest practical reformer in the world. Some Cubans already understand this, for they have told me. By and by they will all understand it. It will be well for the Cubans if he be permitted to finish his

TO PREVENT COAL STRIKE. Conference in Office of J. Pierpont

Morgan Today. NEW YORK, March 27.-Up to noon no hour had been set for the conference to be held between the Rev. Edward F. Phillips of Hazelton, Pa., and J. Pierpont Morgan on the coal situation, but it was certain the conference would be held some time during the afternoon.

Father Phillips is accompanied by several business men from Wilkesbarre and Scranton. He hopes that an agreement satisfactory to both sides may be arrived at today. Father Phillips said to a reporter that he did not care to say anything regarding the situation until after a conference with Mr.

Shortly after 1 o'clock Father Phillips. Wm. Lauterbach and Archibald Macallister, secretary of the board of trade of Hazle-ton; John H. Zerby, president of the Pottsville board of trade, and Wm. L. Mar-quardt of Pottsville, went into Mr. Morgan's offices. The doors were closed and

word of what had transpired at the conference has as yet been made public.

February's Internal Revenue. The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that during the month of February the total collections were \$22,660,437, an increase as compared with February, 1900, of \$1,850,771. The receipts from the several sources of revenue are given as follows: Spirits, \$9,677,764, increase over February, 1900, \$1,376,242; tobacco, \$4,623,115, decrease, \$115,297; fermented liquors, \$4,287,439, increase, \$84,666 oleomargarine, \$187,092, decrease, \$18,551; special taxes not elsewhere enumerated, \$24,643, increase, \$2,849; miscellaneous, \$3,860,382, increase, \$520,862. For the last eight months the total col-lections from all sources were \$203,100,150, an increase of \$7,491,272

Chandler Hale Selected.

Chandler Hale, son of Senator Hale of Maine, has been selected for appointment as secretary of legation at The Hague This is a new office created in the last diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, and will not be open until the beginning of the next fiscal year. Mr. Hale is not without diplomatic experience, having served as secretary of legation and charge at United States embassy at Rome sev-

Judge Hagner's Condition Improved. The condition of Justice Hagner of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, who has been confined to his home by illness for a week past, was reported as improved today.

Regiments Cannot Be Organized as Was Planned.

VOLUNTEERS TO BE RETURNED

An Army of Fifty Thousand to Garrison Philippines.

The present plans of the. War Department contemplate the maintenance of an army of 50,000 men in the Philippines until order has been completely established under the proposed new civil government and the garrisons can safely be reduced to a peace footing. There are now about 65,000 troops in the Philippines and China, and the original plan was to maintain an army of 60,000 men in the Philippines until a stable government had been established.

The plan was to replace the volunteers, numbering about 25,000, with regulars to an extent sufficient to keep up all existing garrisons throughout the archipelago, but it has been found to be impracticable to do so under existing conditions within the short time intervening before the 1st of July next, when the entire volunteer army must be disbanded. The failure of the plan is due to the lack of available officers in this country to organize the new regi-ments authorized by Congress and not so much to the difficulty of recruiting the

Al! the available troops are either in the Philippines, on the way to that country, or under orders to go there. They number, all told, about 50,000, and include the troops to be withdrawn from China and all that can be spared from the United States. Recruiting is continuing with fair success in all parts of the country, but the organization of the regiments of which they will form the nucleus is considerably ham-pered by the lack of officers. Nearly all the officers to be added to the army are serving with volunteer troops in the Phil in that country, it is not deemed expedient to bring them home at this time.

Return of the Volunteers. Owing to the complete transportation arrangements made by the War Department, all the volunteer troops in the Philippines will be landed in this country in time for discharge by the end of June. There will be no difficulty on that score. The outgoing movement of troops, however, is in a much less satisfactory state, owing to the limited number of troops available. Three trans-ports—the Buford, Kilpatrick and Logan will leave San Francisco between now and the 15th proximo, and the departure of the last one of these vessels will end the dis-patch of reinforcements.

These vessels will carry nearly 4,000 soldiers, including a battalion of the 5th Infantry, two troops of the 15th Cavalry, one company of the 10th Infantry, a battalion of the 11th Infantry, four companies of the lst Infantry, a squadron of the 9th Cav-alry, one squadron of the 10th Cavalry and a battalion of the 11th Infantry. The last of these troops are scheduled to sail on the Logan on the 15th proximo.

Practically Empty Troopships.

Unless other arrangements are made in the future all the transports leaving San Francisco for the Philippines after the date named will go out practically empty. The transport Warren is scheduled to sail on the 20th proxime, but so far the War Department has failed to arrange to send any troops by that vessel. Three other transports—the Lawton, Ohio and Thomas -are scheduled to leave San Francisco durattention to the care and renovation of the ing the month of May, but there are no

The Thomas, which will sail about May 20, will probably be utilized by Secretary Root and General Corbin in case they are able to make their contemplated visit of inspection to the Philippines. She is one of the largest and finest vessels in the service, and well adapted for the use of war minister As has been already stated, the troops already under orders to the Philippines, and which will all ar-rive there before the end of May, will give General MacArthur an effective army of 50,000 men, which, in the opinion of the officials of the War Department, is ample for all military purposes.

PASSES AWAY.

Death of a Veteran of Mexican and Civil Wars.

Dr. J. W. F. Williams of the sixth auditor's office has received notice of the sudden death of his brother, Captain James F. Williams, at Sandusky, Ohio. At the breaking out of the rebellion Captain Williams raised a large company in southern Illinois for the Union army and was at once ordered to the western department. He was wounded at the battle of Pea Ridge, in southwestern Missouri, one of the first engagements in that state.

Recovering, he rejoined his company, then in Kentucky, under the command of his brother, who was his first lieutenant, and participated in several battles until his wound compelled him to resign.

At the age of eig...teen he enlisted as a private in the 4th Ohio Infantry for the Mexican war. At the siege and capture of

Chepultepec, although a private, he led one of the storming columns and was the first to scale the walls of that city. For this act of courage and his judgment in the assault he was promoted to corporal. A third of his branch storming column fell in ac-

COUNTERFEIT MONEY.

Thousands of Dollars Destroyed by a Treasury Committee.

A committee appointed by Secretary Gage has been engaged in destroying thousands of dollars of counterfeit money, counterfeit outfits, etc. The committee in charge of this destruction was appointed to first make a careful inventory of the property in the hands of the secret service, and later to dispose of it in a manner that would leave no doubt of its disappearance. It has been two years since the destruction of accumulated counterfeit property was had, and the work this time is on a rather extensive scale. The committee has been at work for several weeks, carefully assorting and counting the imitations of United States notes and of cons. The list that is made must correspond with the secret service records as to the amount on hand. A report will be made to Secretary Gage within a few days. It will give the amounts de-stroyed and full details of the work. The counterfeit paper money is destroyed by machines just like redeemed notes. The advertising matter in imitation of obligations of Uncle Sam is destroyed in the treasury furnaces, while the coin is taken

ment or private institution, and thoroughly Practically all the counterfelt coin manufactured contains little silver or gold, and it is not worth while trying to save the silver when the metal is melted. The centage is too small to bother with. coins are discovered having considerable silver or gold they are melted in the treasury, the valuable metals taken out and the money turned into the treasury.

The plaster of paris molds, the dies,

to a melting plant, either at some govern-

photographic outfits, and the various para-phe alias used are all destroyed by fire. The accumulation is that captured at different times by secret service agents and ly employed." held until the trials of the counterfeiters

IN THE AFRICAN FOREST. Famous Paul Du Chaillu's Descrip-

tion of Experiences There. The pupils and teachers of the Franklin School enjoyed a lecture this morning given by Paul Du Chaillu, noted explorer, and the author of many well-known books. He gave them a most interesting and vivid account of his journey into the great Central African forest. From the sea coast to the interior of the great forest he carried his eager and attentive hearers, de-

A LACK OF OFFICERS tives, and discussing their appearance, habits and customs and mode of life. The climax was reached when he described how he had killed his first gorilla, a monstrous animal, with a chest four feet broad and weighing about four hundred pounds. So vivid and dramatic was the recital that one could see the gigantic, man-like animal standing by a large, heavily ladened fruit tree, tearing off the limbs and eating the fruit hanging upon them; see him stop suddenly and give a roar like the roll of thunder on perceiving the presence of Du Chailiu, then, beating his powerful hanks upon his broad and hairy chest, he slowly advanced with a rolling, side-to-side motion, only to be shot dead, falling face downward, with arms outstretched, at a distance of about ten feet from the man who shot him. The story was greeted with great applause.

Leaving Africa, he carried his hearers to the land of the midnight sun, and told them many interesting facts about Nor-UNTIL ORDER IS BESTORED way and Sweden. After having held the undivided attention of his hearers for over an hour, he closed, shaking hands with all his young friends as they passed out, a receiving with much pleasure the grateful thanks of all who had heard him. Especially was he pleased by the action of many of the children, who ran after him on the street, telling him of their great pleasure and wishing him success on his proposed journey to Russia.

He lectured at the Central High School esterday morning, where he also scored a great success.

OLIVER MeMAKIN KILLED. Accidentally Shot While Trying to

Assault His Wife. LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 27.-Oliver 'Buck' McMakin, a trotting horse trainer, was shot and killed at the home of his father-in-law, Thompson Smith, in New Albany, Ind.

McMakin went to the home of his father--law, it is said, assaulted his wife, Kitty McMakin, who had gone there after quarrel Monday with her husband. He father got into a fight with McMakin in defending her, and Mrs. Smith attempted to hand her husband a shotgun, but Mc-Makin kicked it from her hands. In falling the gun exploded, the charge taking effect in McMakin's abdomen, killing him.

INDORSEMENTS ANNULLED

ACTION TAKEN BY DEPARTMENT COMMANDER STONE.

Agents of a Local Association Convicted of Swindling Pensioners-Commissioner Eyans' Statement.

General Israel W. Stone, commander, Department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic, today issued a special circular revoking and annulling, in so far as it is within the power of the Department of the Potomac to do it, the indorsement given by officers of the department and commanders of the various posts to the United States Army and Navy Historical Association of Washington.

Gen. Stone's Circular. The circular follows:

Special Circular No. 1.

"On March 25, 1899, the United States Army and Navy Historical Association of Washington, D. C., secured from Hon. R. A. Alger, then Secretary of War, the officers of the Department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic, and the commanders of the various posts comprising this department, an indorsement of their methods, as explained by their representatives, to perpetuate to our children and posterity the memory of our services in that memorable struggle which preserved this Union.'

"Satisfactory evidence has been received showing that the association in question caused the original letter of indorsement to be reproduced in large numbers by some process which made each copy appear to be the original paper, and that they then furnished their various agents with copies of the indorsement, some of which have been deliberately used for fraudulent purposes by some of these agents.

"Being fully satisfied from the statement records of the United States district court for the northern district of Ohio that the indorsement given in good faith by this department has been prostituted to im-proper ends, the same is revoked and annuiled in so far as it is within the power of this department to revoke and annul the same, and for the protection of comrades and their widows and orphans we solicit the aid and assistance of all de-partments, posts and comrades to put a stop to the operations of such men by ing the greatest possible publicity to the fact that, as stated by Commissioner Evans, any person who represents himself to be an examiner or agent of the United States pension bureau, and directly or indirectly requests or demands any money or other valuable thing for his services in that connection, is an impostor, and should

"The officers of the pension bureau are paid by the government; the bureau has nothing to sell, and the vigorous and successful efforts of its official head and his subordinates, which resulted in the conviction of the impostors, are highly com-

"Most of the victims were widow pensioners under the act of June 27, 1890. whose innocence and poverty should have been their protection against imposition and fraud.

"Department commanders are earnestly requested to make full mention of this matter in their next official circulars."

Three Swindling Agents. The letter of Commissioner Evans to

Gen. Stone and containing a narrative of the facts which resulted in the issuance of the circular states that A. J. Davis, alias R. D. Burns, alias Edward Lynch, J. Gibbons Forshaw, alias J. Rowland York, alias John Forster, and C. N. Folsom, alias F. sent out for the purpose of selling a work on the Civil War and the Grand Army of the Republic and Kindred Societies, to ex-soldiers and their widows and orphans, and the military record of the soldier, as compiled from the official sources by the United States Army and Navy His-torical Association; each "Military Record" having impressed thereon a large gold seal.

Commissioner Evans continues: "In October and November, 1900, thes three men together operated in the south-western counties of Pennsylvania, and be-came so outrageous in their methods that Davis and Forshaw were arrested for ob-taining money under false pretenses by the authorities of Indiana county, Pa., but through the efforts of Folsom were allowed to make restitution to their victims. They represented themselves to have been sent out by the government, and falsely stated to their dupes that by purchasing the work in question they would become entitled to an increase of pension, which they would not receive unless the work was purchased. "After these men were released in Pennsylvania they worked West Virginia, and then went to Ohio-Davis being arrested at Canal Dover, and Forshaw and Folsom at New Philadelpnia Ohio, on December 27, 1900. They were subsequently indicted by the United States grand jury at Cleve-land, Ohio. Davis was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. The other two men pleaded guilty and were sentenced to two years' imprisonment at hard labor. Each of these men had in his custody a copy of the indorsement which I orward herewith, which, you will observe, embodies a copy of the official letterhead of the Department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic.
"The parent association at Washington

disclaims authorizing the false representa-tions made by their agents, but it is clear that the agents continued to be employed after the association became aware of the fact that two of them had been arrested in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, for obtaining money under false pretenses. They did, however, operate under other name than those under which they were original-

AMERICAN LEAGUE GETS MERTES. Chicago Team's Outfielder Will Play

Second Base. CHICAGO, March 27 .- "Sandow" Mertes, the clever outfielder and general utility man of the Chicago National League team, today signed a contract to play second base the coming season with the Chicago Amercan League team.

Ican League team.

The amount of Mertes' salary was not given out, but as his signing of an American League contract was the finis of one of the hottest struggles that has yet taken place between magnates of the rival leagues for the services of a player, it is believed scribing how he made friends with the na- to be large.

30 MILLIONS WANTED

Claims Filed With Spanish War Claims Commission.

GROWING OUT OF CUBAN OUTBREAK

Presented Under Provisions of the Treaty of Paris.

ONE DEMAND FOR \$2,162,514

The Spanish war claims commission, of which Mr. Wm. E. Chandler is president, has received from the State Department a full list of the claims against Spain, growing out of the insurrection in Cuba, which were filed in the department up to the 15th of the present month. These claims are all those of American citizens, for under the treaty of Paris, each government, that of the United States and Spain, undertook to adjust the claims of its own citizens. The grand total of these claims is about \$30,000,000, and included in the list are five claims in excess of a million dollars. Mrs. Ruiz, widow of the dentist who was killed in the Havana prison, is set down as a claimant for \$75,000. The largest single claim is that of John W. Brock, on account of property losses, estimated at \$2,162,514. The detailed list of claimants and the amount of their claims are as follows, all amount of their claims are as follows, all items being based on property losses, unless otherwise specified:

Miguel de Aroztequi, \$208,501; Juaquin Sanchez Adan, \$251,100; Antonia M. Aguilera, \$277,835; Mrs. Josefa de Ayala y Zayas, \$159,150; Miguel de Almagro de la Vega and wife, \$50,800; Christobal Alfonso, \$50,082; Christobal Alfonso, and Juan Peoli

\$59,082; Christobal Alfonso and Juan Peoli, Albano Peoli, Mariana Peoli, Maria tonio and Laura Peoli de Guiteras and hus band, Domi Guiteras, \$158,180; Eladio Agui lera, \$58,405; Hoffis Azar, illegal arrest, \$220,000; Mrs. Eva Adan de Rodriquez, arrest and imprisonment, \$83,693; J. A. Ansley, imprisonment and expulsion, \$20,000 A. Ansley, \$10,000; L. M. Ansley, \$10,000 Mrs. Amalia S. Agramonte, seizure of ves-sel, \$24,400; Jose de Armas y Armas, \$69,-525; Arturo Averhoff, \$35,000; Maria Yznaga de Alvarez, \$67,250; E. Atkins & Co.., \$157.

Charles Barnet (y Ruiz), \$52,000; Dr. Gaspar A. Betancourt, arrest and expulsion, \$50,000; Paul Brooks, \$90,667; Ramon Benavides, \$94,000; Wenceslao Borda, \$55,000; Gerardo Bonau, \$3,000; Mrs. F. A. Bart-lett von Glumer, \$300,000; John W. Brock, \$2,162,514; August Bolten, arrest and imprisonment, \$10,000; George Becket, \$75,000; Peter M. Beal & Co., \$85,340; Federico Bauriedel, \$80,000; Albert Broch, \$1,379,130.

Joaquin P. Caucio, \$48,940; Manual Co-mas, arrest, detention and property losses, \$10,000; Louis Castillo (y Osa), arrest, de-tention and property losses, \$3,521; George Calvar, arrest and imprisonment, \$150,000; Francisco J. Calvar, \$626,250; John W. Caldwell, \$15,058; Amalia M. Castaner y Boro de Corona 6 \$565,000; Severino Caraballo y Govin, \$101,500; Jose Dolores Car taya, \$8,000; Raimando Cabrera (y Bosch), \$88,064; Miss Mercedes Caraballo, \$8,000 Sam. P. Colte guardian of Leonora F. E. Caldwell, \$15,058; Anita S. M. B. Caldwell \$15,058; Samuel PolColt, guardian of Mal-colm D. Caldwell, \$15,058; Josiah Seymour Caldwell, \$15,058; Ricardo S. Caldwell, \$15,058; F. J. Cazanas, imprisonment and property losses, \$39,843; Juan B. Carillo de Al-bornoz, \$36,000; Joaquin P. Cruz and wife, \$70,000; Pedro C. Ricardo A. Casanova and Mrs. Mary Casanova Montalvo, \$775,000; Pedro C. Casanova, personal injuries, \$40,000; Jose M. Carabállo, property losses, arrest, imprisonment, etc., \$150,470; J. F. de Cossio, \$20,000; Frederick L. Craycraft, personal injuries, \$40,000; Frederick L. Craycraft, per sonal injuries, \$22,000; Frank Cole, \$8,000; Antonio Colas y Vaillant, \$117,925; Mrs. Dolores Sanchez Chabau, imprisonment of husband, \$36,000;—A. Du Bois Chartrand, property losses and ill treatment, \$14,591. Francisco D. Duque, \$46,000; Carlos M. Desvernine, not stated; Mrs. Cornelia de Otazo, killing of husband, \$100,000; Mrs. Dolores Garcia Durio, \$200,000; Joseph M. Duenas, \$15,000; Jose G. and Jose M. Delgado. \$178,534; Jose F. Delgado, \$86,718; Thomas R. Dawley, arrest, imprisonment, etc., \$100,000; Maximo M. Diaz, property losses, \$10,000; Walter G. Dygert, arrest and imprisonment, \$100,000; Peter Dominguez, expulsion, \$10,000; Mrs. C. J. Diaz de Clark, \$116,000; Anna L. B. Doringh, \$52,703; Pedro Duarte, arrest and imprisonment, \$50,000; Formin de Sola, \$277,000; Mrs. Joaquin d Zavas. \$236.409: Cavetano de Socarras eizure of stock, \$86,320; Francisco Donadio \$2,100; Altagracia de Cepeda, \$5,000; Jose A. del Valle y Yznaga, 434,418; Francisco L. del Valle, \$700,060; Fernando del Valle y Yznaga, \$79,260; M. de Do-lores Morales del Valle, \$248,339; Jose F. Delgado, \$96,718; Mrs. Teresa F. Domin-quez, \$6,000; Mrs. Catalina Estorino de

Muro \$167.623 Rafael B. Espinosa, \$13,000; Mrs. Enriqueta Ecnarte de Farres, \$9,400.
Leonard Fritot, \$13,940; Joseph M. Fernandez y Morrell, \$61,115; George Fortin, \$32,450; C. F. Ferrer, \$66,584; John D. Ferrer, arrest and imprisonment, \$25,000: Petrona Fuentes, \$20,000; Dr. Rafael

\$000; Luis J. Francke y Hernandez, \$58,-Jose Gonzalez, imprisonment and prop erty losses, \$160,193; Oscar Giguel, \$100,000; William A. Glean, \$4,668; Louis M. Glean, \$7,547; M. D. J. Garcia y Pino, executrix, etc., \$200,000; Wm. W. Gay, expulsion, \$25,000; Albert V. De Goicuria, \$130,000; Angel Groniler, \$34,779; James A. Glean, \$28,425; Wm. A. and Louis M. Glean, imprisonment, \$150,000; John Guiteras and wife, \$5,614; Justo Gener and wife, \$25,144; Adrian Grinan, \$54,200; Pastor Gronlier Chirino, \$47,832; Juar Gonzalez, jr., \$19,012 Chirino, \$41,832; Juar Gonzalez, Jr., \$19,012. Victor Hohenstein, imprisonment, \$200,-000; A. C. Hernandez y Asambarri, \$8,500; S. Hernsheim Bros. & Co., Ltd., detention of tobacco, \$44,484; Rosa Hernandez De Santamarina, \$7,433; Hormiquera Central Co., \$625,000; Heine Safety Boiler Co., \$27,316; Alfredo Hernandez Huguet, im-prisonment, \$261,666; Henry Heidegger James F. Johnston, \$20,000; Miss Ana Joerg (y Belot), \$1,300; John F. Java, \$90,585; Miss Teresa Joerg, \$2,500; Antonio M. Jim-

inez, \$28,387.45; Charles Jemot, \$14,924. Teresa M. Kessell, \$97,089.

Joseph R. Lombard and wife, \$50,650; Manuel F. Lopez, killing of son, \$101,500 Frederick A. Libbey, \$23,156; Ignacio Larrondo, \$129,472; Perfecto Lacosti, \$652,900; George L. Lay, \$35,323; Aurora de Latorro de Macias, \$99,650; Francisco J. Larrieu,

de Macias, \$99,650; Francisco J. Larrieu, imprisonment, \$250,000.

Jose Antonio Mesa, \$117,335; Maria J. Rosa, Antonio C. and Wm. O. Maden, \$58,500; Jose D. Masses, \$185,338; Augustin Meuliner, \$74,610; Miguel Machado, \$23,288; Morewood & Co., \$23,152; Dr. F. G. Moreno, de la Torre, \$201,200; Louis Marx, \$56,350; J. Machado y Plana, \$240,000; Mrs. M. Montalvo y de la Canterra de Martinez, \$140,500; Francisco M. Morales, \$132,251; Francisco Mejssky and wife, \$74,053; Mrs. Belen Montes de Heraud, \$186,000; Luis F. Morejon y Masquez, \$15,000; Ysabel Molinet (widow of Perez), \$59,600; Jose Menendez et al., \$536,145; Domingo D. Medina, \$62,306; Thos. Morgan, Chas. Moran et al., \$112,326; Antonio C. Maden, \$43,896; Jose S. Morales, \$399,500; Ricardo Machado, \$64,900; Frederico P. Montes, \$160,000; Cristobal N. Madan, \$450,000; Antonio A. Martinez, \$35,000; Manuel A. R. Morales, \$275,000; Miss Rosa A. Maragliano, \$30,000; Rafael Madrigal, y de la Cruz, \$3,000; Maimprisonment, \$250,000. Rafael Madrigal, y de la Cruz, \$3,009; Maria L. Morgani \$10,007; Mrs. Juan Ma. C. de Maragliano, \$25,000; Maria Soler de Marde Maragliano, \$25,000; Maria Soler de Mar-tinez Mesa, \$216,663; Luis Mayolinefi im-prisonment and ill'treatment, \$20,000. Narcissa Sugar Company, \$347,000; Mrs. Maria de la Concepciom Nenninger, wid-ow of Montejo, \$7,521; Maria Isabel Narino, \$23,775.

\$23,775.
Thos. J. Owen & Co., \$75,000; Mrs. Enrique
A. Otazo, death of her husband, \$100,000;
Pedro P. Ortiz, \$84,000; I. C. de Albornoz
O'Farrill, \$106,105; A. C. de Albornoz O'Far-

rill, \$130,703.

Manuel Ruiz Porras, imprisonment, \$25,000; Fernando Pons, \$624,974; Casimiro Perez, \$255,000; Diego J. Perozo, \$5,000; Manuel Pricto, \$63,450; Juan F. Portuondo y uel Pricto, \$43,400; Juan F. Portuondo y Barcelo, \$145,000; Serafino Patterson et al., \$17,750; Jose M. Puentes, \$47,550; Nestor Ponce de Leon, \$42,500; Pedro Y. Piedra, \$662,424; Patricio Ponce de Leon, \$379,000. E. E. de, C. V. de and E. E. Quesada, property losses and personal suffering, \$273,330

Rabel & Co., \$80,285; J. L. and Mrs. A. O. Ramirez, \$66,668; Emilio Ramos, \$9,060; J. L. Ramirez & Co., \$570,988; Jose Rafael de los Reyes Y. Garcia, \$729,161; T. G. and R. G. Ribon, \$234,273; Gustave Richelieu, imprisonment, fair indemnity; Joseph Rigney, \$1,006,000; Francisco Rionda (Central Tuinuca Sugar Cané Manufacturing Company), \$527,480; Peter E. Rivery, personal injuries, \$10,000; Jose A. Robert, \$20,000;

Rafael de J. Rubio, \$28,177; Charles Barnet Ruiz, \$10,000; Mrs. Ricardo Ruiz, imprison-

953; Jose Santamarina, \$28,300; Frances Sauvalle de Armand, \$10,295; Amalia Para, Francis Adolph, Fernando and Charles Sauvalle, \$10,295; Francisco Seiglio, \$400,000; Charles Robert Scott, imprisonment and expulsion, \$50,000; Francisco M. Soria, \$17,700; John A. Souras avect imprisonment

\$17,799; John A. Souers, arrest, imprison-ment and expulsion, \$200,000; Spanish-American Light and Power Company, in-debtedness, \$250,000; Antonio Suarez del

Villar, imprisonment and expulsion, \$50,000.

ED PASTOR PASSES AWAY.

Culmination of Four Years of Ill-

Health-Arrangements for

the Funeral.

The bell of St. Patrick's Catholic Church

was tolled this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

conveying the sad news of the death of

Father John Gloyd, the pastor. The ven-

erable and highly-esteemed clergyman

breathed his last in his favorite room on

the second floor of the parsonage at the

He was surrounded by a number of

priests, Sisters of the Holy Cross and par-

ishioners, all of whom were kneeling in

prayer with tear-dimmed eyes as the much-

beloved pastor died. Father Gloyd's last

illness was the culmination of four years

of ill health. He had been confined to his

With Father Gloyd this afternoon when he died were Dr. Stafford and Father Do-

Wolf of St. Bernard's, Baltimore; Father

Dugan of Pius Memorial Church, Balti-more, and Father Clements of St. Ste-

phen's, Baltimore, the latter being Father Gloyd's nephew. Father Stafford said the

Native of Maryland.

Father Gloyd was in his sixty-ninth year,

having been born in Gaithersburg, Md., in

1832. He had been pastor of St. Patrick's

Church for seven years. He was among

the first students to enter St. Charles Col-

lege, Maryland, graduating from that in-

stitution, which has since educated many

priests and bishops. His first mission was

at Hancock, Md., and afterward at Ta-

His work at the latter place included

much of the western part of Maryland,

and he often extended his church visits

into West Virginia. Leaving Taneytown,

he was assigned to Westminster, Md., where he built St. John's Church, remain-

ing its pastor for twenty-seven years, being much beloved by the congregation.

From Westminster he was transferred by Cardinal Gibbons to St. Stephen's, in this

city, and seven years ago, upon the death of Father Walter, was placed in charge of

St. Patrick's Church, managing the parish with the asistance of Dr. Stafford, and

Father McGee, and afterward Father Do-

Father Glovd had an exceedingly gener-

ous nature, his special trait and characteristic being his kindheartedness. He was

esteem in which he was held was evidenced

by the sadness which pervaded those who were present at his deathbed.

Death of Mrs. Wm. S. Carroll.

afternoon at her residence, 1709 Massachu-

setts avenue. Mrs. Carroll had been ill for

some time. It was believed her death was

the result of an accidental fall sustained

while in Paris. Mrs. Carroll was the wife

of Wm. S. Carroll, who was consul general

at Dresden during the second Cleveland

administration. She had formerly lived in

Baltimore, but after her return here from

abroad she made her home in this city,

where she has since lived. At the expira-

tion of Mr. Carroll's term as consul gen-

eral at Dresden he and Mrs. Carroll trav-

leaves one child, a daughter, Miss Grace

No New Development

The director of the census said this after-

noon that he knew of no developments in

the matter of the alleged census frauds

in Charles and St. Mary's counties, Md.

Mr. Merriam was not inclined to discuss

the case. There was a rumor in circu-

lation that a prominent man in St. Mary's

county had been arrested on the charge of

having advised census enumerators to com-

mit irregularities, but this rumor could not be confirmed. Neither would the officials

of the census bureau say that no arrest had

To Jersey City for Interment.

The body of William Griffith, late a mem-

ber of Richard Mansfield's company, who

died yesterday at Garfield Hospital, was

removed to Jersey City, N. J., at 7 o'clock

this morning for interment. The remains were accompanied by Mrs. Griffith. The

Order Revoked.

Case of Liston D. Bass.

the mails, was reached in Criminal Court No. 1 late this afternoon. The introduction of testimony will begin tomorrow morning.

Violated Pension Law.

lation of the pension law, was convicted late this afternoon in Criminal Court No. 1.

Disreputable characters will be excluded from the Benning race track.—Advt.

Peter Morton, colored, indicted for vio-

funeral will take place at Jersey City Fri-lay.

eled extensively in Europe. Mrs. Carroll

Mrs. Wm. S. Carroll died at 2 o'clock this

prayers for the departed.

corner of 10th and G streets.

constant attendance.

day afternoon.

neytown.

Carroll.

been made.

Weak Opening, Followed by Good Buying in Stocks.

ment and death of husband, \$75,000.

Dr. Isidor Banger, \$58,900; Juan y Coba Sanchez, \$16,290; Mrs. Mercedes Sanchez de Barnet, \$168,000; Mrs. Marie Sanchez de la Torre, \$37,450; Adolfo Santa Maria, \$120,803; Mrs. Enrequita Santa Maria, \$94,-SHARP REACTION IN PRICES

> Renewal of the Rumor of Burlington Consolidation.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Villar, Imprisonment and expulsion, \$50,000. Maria L. Taylor, Mary W. Hitchcock et al., \$91,005; Antonio E. Terry, \$110,500; Andros L. Terry y Dorticas, \$334,905; A. L. Terry y Dorticas and A. E. Terry, \$321,888; Francisco J. Terry y Dorticas, \$202,952; Wm. G. Thorne, \$25,000; Samuel T. Tolon, personal injuries, \$50,000; Samuel T. Tolon, damage to husiness, \$285,000; Adelphys Torres Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, March 28.-Opening transactions this morning suggested further realizing on a large scale and were disapto business, \$285,000; Adolphus Torres, imprisonment, \$25,000; Antonio M. Toscano, \$25,000; Jose Ygnacio Toscano, \$15,000; Jose J. Trelles, \$3,300; M. B. Trelles, \$3,253; Jose pointing in consequence. London sent over a higher range of prices, and was inclined to buy moderately, but traders, as a rule, Trujillo y Armas, \$114,600; Jose Tur, \$251,were disposed to favor lower prices. Good buying came in after the first quarter of an hour, and the entire market hardened

Jose de J. Valdivia, \$24,145; heirs of Jose Venecia, not stated; Wm. H. Van Sickel, \$5,000; Mrs. Josefa Valdez y Espanol, \$22,-675; Bernabe Vargas, \$8,000; Miguel de la and subsequently advanced. The Burlington transaction lacks official Vega y Cener, \$71,683; Frederico J. Villeconfirmation, but brokers identified with gas, impressment of property, not stated. James Warner, \$9,305; Edward L. Welsh, \$313,846; West India Oll Refining Company, the Hill-Morgan party bought round amounts of the stock up to 169. Northern \$7,544; Western National Bank of New York, \$68,432; Mrs. Anna L. Whiting, \$17,000; Whiting & Co., \$60,240; Ralph Den-Pacific common was advanced well beyond Union Pacific and was taken in quantity by Hill brokers. The evidence of the tape ton Wilson, property losses and arrest, is therefore strongly in favor of a pending Alejo Yznaga, \$33,610; A. M. Yznaga, \$361,963; Jose Antonio Yznaga, \$156,500; Jose M. Yznaga, \$8,666; estate of Antonio M. Yznaga del Valle, \$36,000; heirs of Jose

It is possible that Burlington may be recapitalized and made to sell at very much higher prices without being ab-M. Yznaga del Valle, \$2,023,873; Natividad Yznaga del Valle, \$201,096. sorbed at all. Any one getting control of the property could, by a refunding process Widow of Leopold A. Zaldivar, \$6,000; Ysabel B. de Zaldo, \$201,029. and a new stock issue, make enormous profits. It is, therefore, not unlikely that Burlington will retain its independent po-sition, but will make a liberal disbursement DEATH OF FATHER GLOYD in some form to its shareholders. The situ ation in the northwest is the center of interest just now, and yesterday's evidence that a climax was approaching saved the entire market from a further sharp reces-VENERABLE AND HIGHLY ESTEEM-

> The demand for the securities represented The demand for the securities represented in the negotiations was of the best, and there can be no reasonable doubt that Northern Pacific common at 33 and Burlington at 170 reflect inside satisfaction with the condition of affairs.
>
> The buying of Atchison was good and in large volume. Current earnings helped the demand, but in addition to routine encouragement it is now believed that an important announcement will snortly be made.

tant announcement will snortly be made crediting the recent heavy buying o company's shares to a large eastern trunk Erie issues were active and steady under

buying credited to Morgan interests. This property is concerned with the Northwest-ern situation and the coal strike. Favora-ble developments in either should find prompt reflection in the prices of these stocks. The coal stocks as a class were strong throughout the day, and the opera-tors continue to be confident that no strike will be ordered. We have will be ordered. Wabash issues seemed to lag somewhat, but with this exception the southwestern group was strong under the leadership of Missouri Pacific.

Rumors that Pennsylvania will allot the new stock to present holders at 120 in the proportion of 33½ per cent of the stock now owned had little effect on the price. The arrangement is generally regarded as being equitable and should show to greater advantage in the future price of the stock. There is some disposition on the period. room for some time. Every care was given him, a skilled physician and two trained nurses from Providence Hospital being in Dr. D. J. Stafford, assistant paster of St. Patrick's, left for Baltimore this afternoon There is some disposition on the part of certain shrewd operators to take profits in the railroad list and go into the industrials. to confer with Cardinal Gibbons in regard to the obsequies. It is thought the funeral will take place Saturday morning at St. The buying of the new steel shares is credited to such operations and the buying of Colorado Fuel was sufficiently conservative Patrick's, and that the cardinal will officiate, assisted by the more prominent clergymen of the church in this city. Car-dinal Gibbons was a warm personal friend of Father Gloyd's, and visited him yesterto be similarly credited.

The pool in sugar forced a sharp advance in price during the afternoon, and the inference follows that the time is considered more propitious than last week. There are excellent reasons for believing lan, the assistant pastors of St. Patrick's;
Father McGee, formerly assistant pastor,
and now in charge of the parish of the Sacred Heart, Mount Pleasant: Father De

Welf et St. Bornard and Father De

There are excellent reasons for believing that the treasury has declared a willingness to preserve the ease of money during the spring.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL New York Stock Market.

Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, correspondents Messrs, Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., New York.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos
American Cotton Oil	******	*******		
Am. Steel and Wire	423/6	481/4	4294	481
Am. Steel & Wire ofd	107	107	107	107
American Sugar	141	1421/4	139%	1419
American Tobacco	1261	12634	125	126
Atenison	60%	6234	601/2	62
Atenison, pfd	941	951	934	951
Baltimore & Ohio	91	92	91	92
Baltimore & Ohio. pfd	8012	901/4	901/4	903
BrooklynRapid Transit_	801/4	801/4	79	80
Chesapeake & Obio	46%	47	461/4	46
C., C. C. & St. Louis	*******	******		
Chicago, B. & Q	1683/2	1695	167	1687
Chic & Northwestern	175		175	178
C. M. and St. Paul	1483/4	1497	147%	1493
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific.	1281/4	128%	1263/4	1283
Chic., St. P., M. & O	*******	*******	*******	
Chic & G. Western	23	553%	22%	283
Col. Fuel and Iron	521/4	55%	513	55
Consolidated Gas	2121/2	21378	2121/2	218
Con. Tobacco	45	45	441/4	45
Con. Tobacco, pfd	1041/2	104%	104%	1043
Delaware & Hudson	1641/4	168	164	1675
Federal Steet	481/4	10132	481/4	485
Federal Steel, pfd	1011/8		101	1015
General Slectrie	217	218	217	2175
Illinois Centrat	1361/4	137	1361/4	137
Louisville & Nashville	100%	100%	991/8	993
Metropolitan Traction Mannattan Elevated	1624	16414	1615%	164
Missouri Positio	1283/4	1248/9	1223/	123
Missouri Pacific	1011/2	102%	1011	102
M., K. & T., pfd	57	50%	56%	579
National Lead Co New Jersey Central			*******	*****
New York Central	155	155	155	155
NY Ontario & Western	1461/2	147%	1461/6	146
Northern Pacipe	85	355	343/8	35
Nortgern Pacific. pfd	911/4	933/8	891/2	93
Pacific Mail	90	911/2	891/2	91
Peunsylvania R. R.	35	35	35	85
People s Gas.	1541/2	10512	153%	154
Phila.& Keading, 1st	737		104/8	106
Southern Pacific	463/	4634	721/2	743 465
Southern Railway	29	291	281/4	287
Southern Rallway, pfd.	79%	797	781/2	79
Texas racific	85	35	34	349
Tenn. Cosland Iron	5634	5714	56	57
Union Pacific	913	913	901/2	
Union Pacific. pfd	8437	85	841/2	913
V S. Leather	181	133/	18	18
U S. Leather pfd	75%	75%		751
U S. Rubber	195	2272	751	224
Wabash, pfd	41	4162	403	411
Western Union Tei	891/4	90	89	69
Amalgamated Copper.	101	101	991/	100
Erie	8514	3616	991/9	36
Erie, 1st, pfd	6972	70	6812	70
U. S Steel			/2	421/2
TT 0 0 -1 -61			*********	0019

Washington Stock Exchange Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call, 12 o'clock m.—Washington Traction and Electric 4½s, \$1,000 at 63½. Union Trust and Storage, 10 at 107, 1 at 107½. Capital Traction, 20 at 104½, 20 at 104½. 20 at 104½. 3 at 104½. 5 at 104½, 20 at 104½. People's Fire Insurance Co., 50 at 6. C. and P. Telephone, 20 at 75, 25 at 75, 10 at 75. Washington Gas, 2 at 58½. Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at x161½, 10 at x161½, 10 at x161½, 10 at x161½, 10 at x162½. After call—National Union Insurance, 57 at 9½. Washington Traction and Electric 4½s, \$1,000 at 64, \$1,000 at 65, \$1,000 at 64, \$1,000 at 65, \$1,000 at

at 64, \$1,000 at 65, \$1,000 at 65, \$1,000 at 65.

District of Columbia Bonda.—3.65s, 1924, funding, 122½ bid

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Capital Traction 4s, 109 bid, 110 asked. Washington Traction and Electric coll. 4½s, 63½ bid, 64 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., A, 106 bid, 110 asked. Metropolitan Railroad cert. indebt., B, 106½ bid, 107½ asked. Columbia Railroad cert. indebt., B, 106½ bid, 107½ asked. Columbia Railroad 2d mort. 5s, 109½ bid, 110 asked. Washington Gas 6s, series A, 110 bid. Washington Gas 6s, series A, 100 bid. Washington Gas 6s, series A, 100 bid. Washington Capital Columbia Railroad 2d mort. 5s, 109½ bid, 106½ asked. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 5s, 106½ bid. 107 asked. American Security and Trust 4s, 100 bid. Washington Market 1st 6s, 110 bid. Masonic Hall Association 5s, 106½ bid. American Graphophone deb. 5s, 98 bid.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, 145 bid. Washington Loan and Trust, 172½ bid. 175 asked. American Security and Trust, 172½ bid. 175 asked. American Security and Trust, 225 bid. Washington Safe Deposit, 65 oid. Union Trust and Storage, 106½ bid. Columbia, 175 bid. Capital, 160 bid. West End. 118½ bid. 119½ asked. Traders', 130 bid. Lincoln, 120 bid. Safed. Railroad Stocks.—Capital Traction, x104½ bid.

At the request of Mr. Geo. W. F. Swart zell, at whose request the proposed subdivision of lots 29 and 30, square 78, Petworth, was approved, the order of approval has been revoked by the District Commission-The case of Liston D. Bass, indicted for obtaining money through fraudulent use of

surance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 824/sked. Columbia Title, 4½ bid, 5 asked. n Title, 3½ bid, 4½ asked. District Ti-

George B. Robinson, \$3,500; Miguel Rodriquez, \$40,796; Thos. F. Rodriquez, \$40,796; Thos. F. Rodriquez, property losses and ill-treatment, \$61,000; Dose Juan Romero, \$98,332; Charles Rosa, \$1,142,835; Rosario Sugar Company, \$650,000; Francisco Rosell y Malpica, \$474,025; Juan Rossell, \$29,330; Weak Opening, Followed by Good

Baltimore Markets.

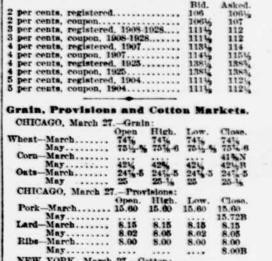
Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore Markets.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, March 27.—Flour dull, unchanged; receipts, 18:054 barrels; exports, 9.804 barrels; Wheat steady; spot and the month, 77%, 177%, April, 77%, 177%; May, 78%, 178%; steamer No. 2, red, 75%, 175%, 179%; receipts, 25.101 bushels; exports, 8.148 bushels; southers by sample, 70a75%; do. on grade, 76%, 185%. Corn firm; mixed, spot and the mouth, 47%, 147%; April and May, 46%, 146%; steamer mixed, 46%, 146%; receipts, 178, 454 bushels; exports, 145, 714 bushels; southern white corn, 48%, 49; do. yellow, 47a48. Oats firm; No. 2 white, 82%, 1838; No. 2 mixed, 30%, 1831; receipts, 79, 808 bushels, Rye dull; No. 2 nearby, 56; No. 2 western, 57; receipts, 20:36 bushels, Hay firm; No. 1 timothy, \$16.50 bid. Grain freights very dull, unchanged, Butter, cheese and sugar firm and unchanged, hggs steady; fresh, 12%.

Government Bonds.



MANY INDECISIVE ENCOUNTERS.

Fighting in Cape Town Over Wide Range of Territory.

CAPE TOWN, March 27.-Indecisive encounters at widely separated points are reported daily. Fighting took place yesterday at Tarkastad and Henningfontein, both in Cape Colony. The casualties were few. A commando numbering 200, under Com-mandant Fourie, was dispersed at Thaban-

According to reports received here, the hills above Dewetsdorp, just reoccupies by General Bruce Hamilton, were also the scene of a fight lasting several hours yesterday.

ALL PARTIES UNKNOWN.

Neither Murdered Man Nor Murderers Yet Identified. An inquest was held at Gunton wharf

yesterday over the body of the colored man found in the river Monday, as published in yesterday's Star, and the jury returned a verdict of murder by parties unknown. Samuel Green, colored, who lives near Gunton wharf, was an important witness in the case. He heard cries of "murder," he said, on the river late Tuesday night, the 5th of this month, and afterward he heard a splash. Green thought nothing more of the affair until he heard of the finding of the body Mon-day by Norman Sheppard. The examin-ing physician described the injuries the man had received and said he was certain the man had been murdered. He found three cuts on the man's head, and their appearance indicated that a hatchet had peen used.

There was one cut across the forehead which had crushed the skull and another which had crushed the skill and another about the bridge of the nose, where the weapon had penetrated the brain. The third cut was in the back of the head. It is apparent that the blows in the face were fatal, but the murderer probably feared one would not prove effective and made certain of his work by adding two. The deceased was a colored man ap-parently more than thirty years old, and

he was more than six feet tall. cumstances attending the finding of the body and the testimony of the colored man Green makes it appear that the victim of the river tragedy was killed on a boat and thrown overboard. Detective Parham, who went down the river on the police boat yesterday, examined the body and the result of his observations to the jury. What if anything will be done by the Virginia authorities in the way of following up the matter is not known. If the victim was employed on one of the small boats on the river the officials would probably be able to have him identified. ount of his size and the complete

description of his wearing apparel. The Entries at Benning.

BENNING RACE TRACK, D. C., March 27.-Following are the entries for tomor

First race, six furlongs, seven entries-Bevonah, 110; The Rhymer, 101; Frank Morrison, 98; Lady Padden, 89; Sadie S., 93; Choice, 104; Magic Light, 115.
Second race, half mile, eight entries—Sweet Clover, 109; Miracle II, 106; Dolce Far Niente, 112; Tamah Nawis, 109; Carrington, 112; Rossair, 109; Honolulu, 109; Wait A Minute, 109.

Third race, steeplechase, two miles, four entries—Clearaway, 156; Emory, Queenship, 135; Prince Midas, 137. Fourth race, Benning handicap, six furlongs, secenteen entries—Intrusive, 1274; Sidney Lucas, 118; Gold Fox, 108; Charen-tus, 117; Knight of Rhodes, 115; Speedmas, 109; The Rhymer, 106; Sentry, 105; Robert Waddell, 104; Gautama, 104; Alsike, 103; Animosity, 106; Gertrude Elliott, 100; Robert Metcalf, 100; Moor, 100; Big Gun, 99; Obliged, 92.

Couple, Sidney Lucas and Gold Fox. Thompson Bros. entry, and couple, Animosity and Gertrude Elliot, H. G. Griffin's entry. Fifth race, half mile, nine entries-Frivol, 104; Prayline, 104; Red Damsel, 104; Illuminate, 107; Rightaway, 107; Carroll D., 107; Tiliform, 107; William H., 107; The

Stewardess, 104. Stewardess, 104.

Sixth race, mile and forty yards, seven entries—Knight of the Garter, 105; Kirkwood, 110; Sentry, 99; Beau Ideal, 107; Charawind, 106; Belgrade, 106; Draughts-Apprentice allowance, five pounds, claim ed for Garter and Belgrade.

Mr. Macfarland to Speak Mr. Henry B. F. Macfarland, president of

the board of District Commissioners, has accepted an invitation extended to him by Messrs. Louis P. Shoemaker and Wilton J. Lambert, president and vice president, respectively, of the Brightwood Citizens' Association, to address a special meeting of the organization at 8 o'clock this evening at the Brightwood Hall. Mr. Louis A. Dent, register of wills, has also accepted an invitation to address the meeting.

To Go to Buffalo. Mr. R. L. Stone, clerk of the United States government exhibit board of the

Pan-American exposition, will leave tonight for Buffalo, where he will remain on duty throughout the exposition period and until about December 1. Offices of the board will be opened in three rooms of the recently completed post office building at Buffalo. Adverse Report.

Adverse action has been recommended by the District assessor in the case of Charles H. Weaver of 1416 F street, who requested cancellation of tax sale of April 14, 1899, on lots 141, 142 and 143, square 744, and in the case of Mr. A. A. Hoehling, jr., attorney for Chas. C. Halpine, who requested relief from interest charge of 15 per cent and other penalties on tax sales of 1899 and 1900 against sublot 70, square 140.

Resignation of Lieut. de Beaumont. The resignation of Second Lieut. A. V. L. R. de Beaumont, 8th Infantry, has been accepted by the President, to take effect

Gen. MacArthur Approves Sentence. MANILA, March 27 .- Gen. MacArthur has approved the sentence of the military commission which tried the leader of the Philippine secret society known as the Mando-Ducat, who murdered Quisimbims. native president of the town of Calamba, on Bay lake, and took his head to the headquarters of the insurgent general of

Washington Title, 3% bid, 4% asked. District Title, 5 bid.

Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, 74% bid, 75 asked.

Gas Stocks.—Washington Gas, 58% bid, 58% asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Morgenthaler Limotype, 14%

Bremen; Marquette, from Bremen.